

GO GREEN

BENEFITS OF RECYCLING

WASTE IS A RESOURCE

- * Save non-renewable (aluminum ore to produce aluminum cans)

DID YOU KNOW

Recycling one aluminum can saves electricity power that can run a TV up to 3 hours compared to manufacturing from aluminum ore (which is a natural non renewable raw material).

- * Conserves natural resources (recycling 1000kg of paper saves 1000 trees cut for manufacturing paper).
- * Waste material is hard to decompose, it takes more than 3000 years for glass/plastic to decompose.
- * It promotes economic growth (creation of job opportunities).
- * Saves landfill site air-space.

DID YOU KNOW??
(Polyethylene terephthalate)
PET bottles can be processed
to produce wool.



The local Municipality is collecting separated recyclable waste from the following suburbs:

Trafalgar • Marina Beach
Umtentweni • Southport
Sunwich Port • Pumula
Umzumbe • Hibberdene
Seapark • Mbango Valley
New Town

To find out where to collect your clear bags in your local area, please call: 039 688 2147 / 48

PAPER, PLASTIC, GLASS/BOTTLES & ALUMINUM



"The Game changer of South Coast Development"

The Ray Nkonyeni
Two-bag System

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RECYCLING:

Is the process of collection, transportation, and processing waste material into new material.

This process initially involves separation of recyclable and non-recyclable material.

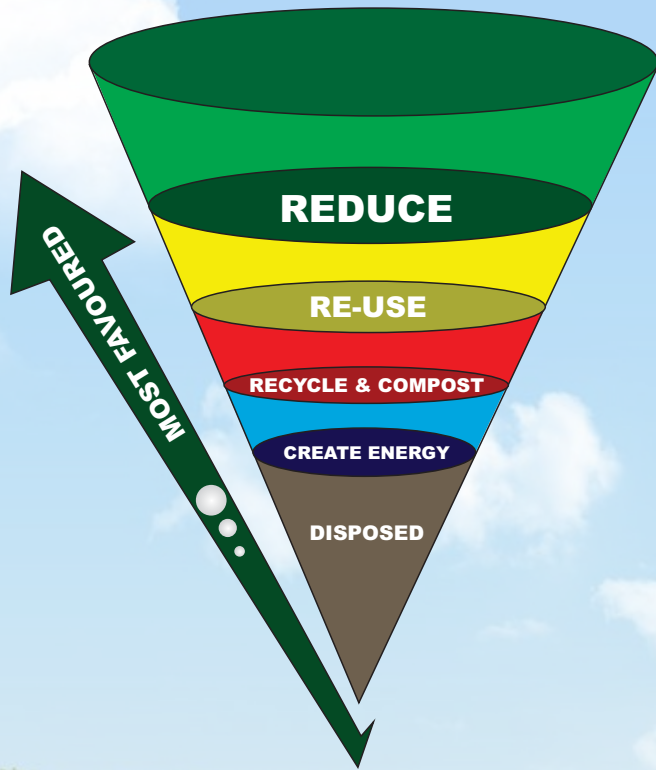
Recyclable waste includes but not limited to

OUR MUNICIPALITY...
OUR WASTE...
OUR RESPONSIBILITY...

GO GREEN

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT WASTE ACT 59 OF 2008

The act outlines norms and standards of waste management which are outlined in the hierarchy



The hierarchy is a strategy used to manage waste from households, schools and businesses. It is the skeleton of waste management and the environment as a whole.

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REDUCE:

Avoid waste generation

RE-USE:

Re-use entails making use of waste materials for another purpose

RECYCLE:

Bring new product from waste material as a resource separate recyclable material from non-recyclable material

COMPOST:

Entails recycling decomposed organic materials into rich soil

CREATE ENERGY:

Energy creation from landfill gases

DISPOSE:

It is the last option if any of the above options seem impossible, dispose in a manner that will not cause harm to human health and the environment

COMPOSTING OF FOOD AND GARDEN WASTE



GO GREEN

Use litter bins to dispose of waste to help keep our environment/ communities clean.

Sebenzisa umggomo uma ulahla udoti ukugcina imvelo nezindawo zethu zihlanzekile



DON'T BE A LITTER BUG

MUSA UKUBA INKUNZI MALANGA YENUKU

